StreamBench: Towards Benchmarking Continuous Improvement of Language Agents

NeurIPS 2024 Track on Datasets and Benchmarks

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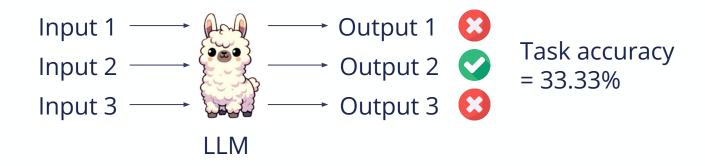


¹Appier Al Research ²National Taiwan University Paper



Background

 Most benchmarks measure LLMs' *innate capabilities* (out-of-the-box performance) on a **batch** of task instances

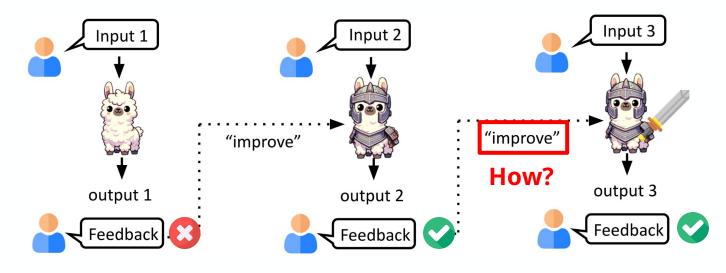


• They do NOT measure LLMs' *ability to improve* over time when exposed to *a sequence* of task instances



Benchmark Setting: Input-Feedback Sequence

- An online streaming setting, which exposes the LLM to an **input-feedback sequence**
- Input: a natural language instruction / question
- Feedback: correctness 😢 🔗





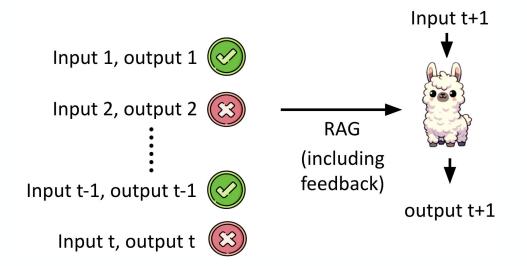
How to "Improve" the LLMs?

- To enhance LLMs' capabilities over time, we can design an LLM "agent": an LLM parameterized by *θ* and augmented with additional components
 - Prompts
 - RAG memory
 - RAG retriever
 - Other creative components

• Design **update algorithm** to improve these components

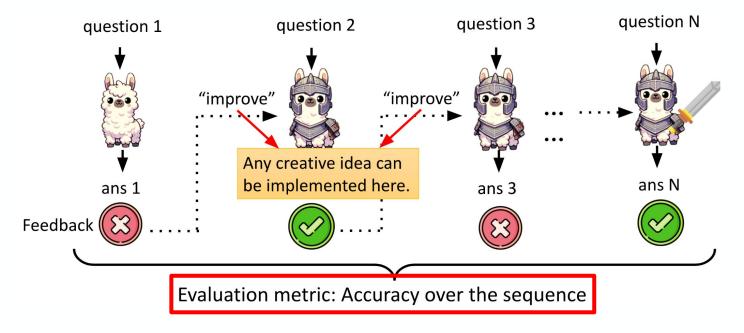
Example: A RAG-Based Simple Baseline

- Idea: store past experience in RAG memory M
 - At each time step i, store (input, output, feedback) in *M*
- **Retrieve them in the future** for in-context learning



Goal: Design Methods to Improve Agents!

Update <u>parameters</u>, <u>RAG memory</u>, <u>RAG retriever</u>, <u>prompts</u>,
... or **other creative components** you can come up with!



Tasks and Datasets

- We choose a variety of tasks and datasets
- For each dataset, **we randomly assign a time step to each data instance** to build the streaming sequence

Task	Text-to-SQL			Python	Tool Use	Medical	QA	
Dataset	Spider	CoSQL	BIRD	DS-1000	ToolBench	DDXPlus	HotpotQA	
Input (x_t) Output (y_t) Metric	Data requirements SQL code Execution accuracy			Question Code Pass@1	User query API calls Accuracy	Symptoms Diagnosis Accuracy	Question Answer Exact Match	
Test size (T)	2,147	1,007	1,534	1,000	750	1,764	1,500	

Table 1: Input, output, evaluation metrics, and number of testing instances of selected datasets.

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Experiments

- We try various non-streaming and streaming methods
- General finding: **streaming** > non-streaming

Task	Text-to-SQL			Python	Tool Use	Medical	QA
Dataset	Spider	CoSQL	BIRD	DS-1000	ToolBench	DDXPlus	HotpotQA
Non-streaming							
Zero-Shot	67.89	50.55	29.60	37.70	61.38	52.85	48.49
Few-Shot	68.55	50.61	30.40	33.33	68.58	60.98	53.11
CoT	61.53	46.01	27.23	25.93	58.98	58.20	52.47
Self-Refine	67.75	49.49	29.62	36.30	60.67	52.89	43.53
Streaming							
GrowPrompt	69.90	51.97	30.35	33.77	65.07	55.10	51.38
MemPrompt	70.78	53.29	31.99	35.47	64.31	54.02	52.62
Self-StreamICL	74.63	55.05	35.31	41.30	71.33	70.56	54.80
MAM-StreamICL	75.69	55.17	36.38	43.10	75.87	83.50	55.20

Table 2: Averaged performance of three LLM agents across different baselines and datasets.



What Makes Effective Streaming Strategies?

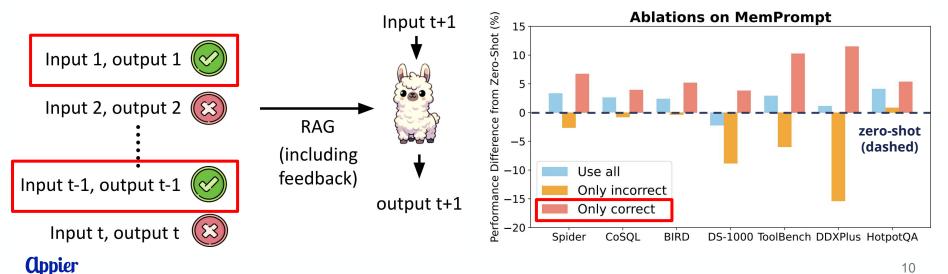
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Streaming GrowPrompt MemPrompt Self-StreamICL MAM-StreamICL	69.90 70.78 74.63 75.69	51.97 53.29 55.05 55.17	30.35 31.99 35.31 36.38	33.77 35.47 41.30 43.10	65.07 64.31 71.33 75.87	55.10 54.02 70.56 83.50	51.38 52.62 54.80 55.20

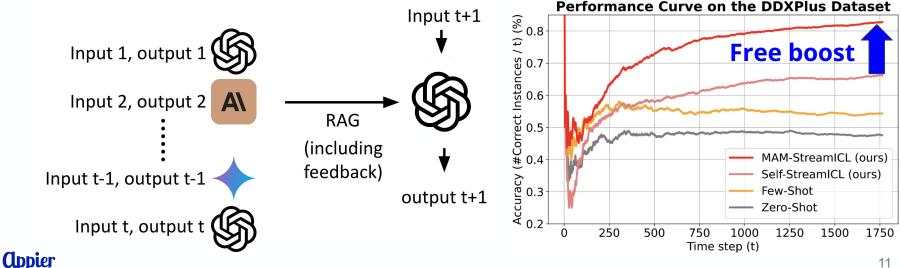
Only Save Correct LLM Output to RAG Memory

- Saving only the correct LLM self-generated outputs to RAG memory is more beneficial for performance boost
- Collecting incorrect self-output even hurts performance

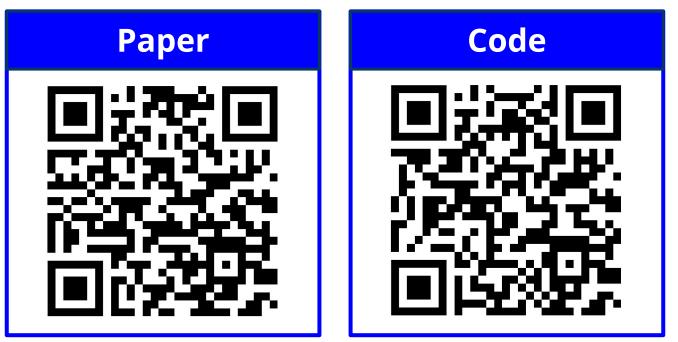


Sharing Memory Across Multiple LLMs

- Make different LLMs take turns to solve problems at each time step, and share the RAG memory together
- **Same** averaged inference **cost** of using a single LLM!



For Details, Check Out our Paper and Code!



https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.08747

https://github.com/stream-bench/stream-bench