SimGen:

Simulator-conditioned Driving Scene Generation

(A 60 min Talk)

Online

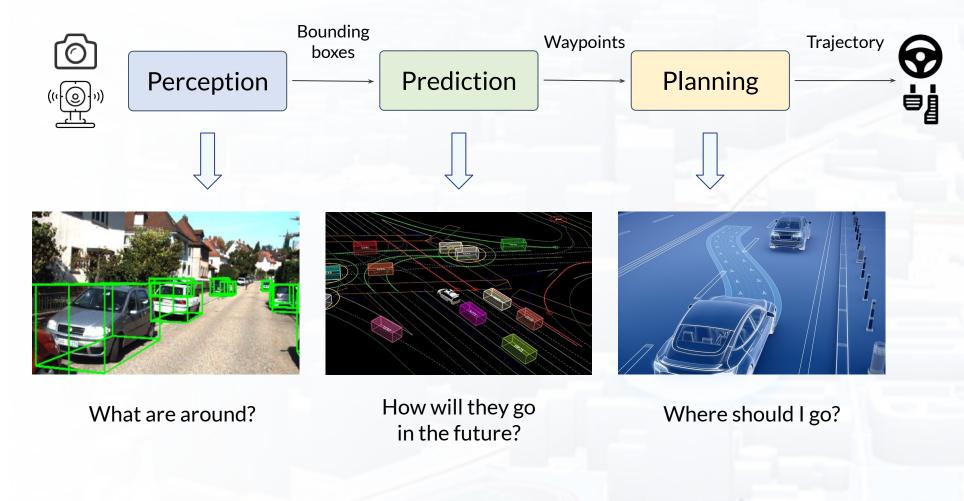
June 2024

Yunsong Zhou

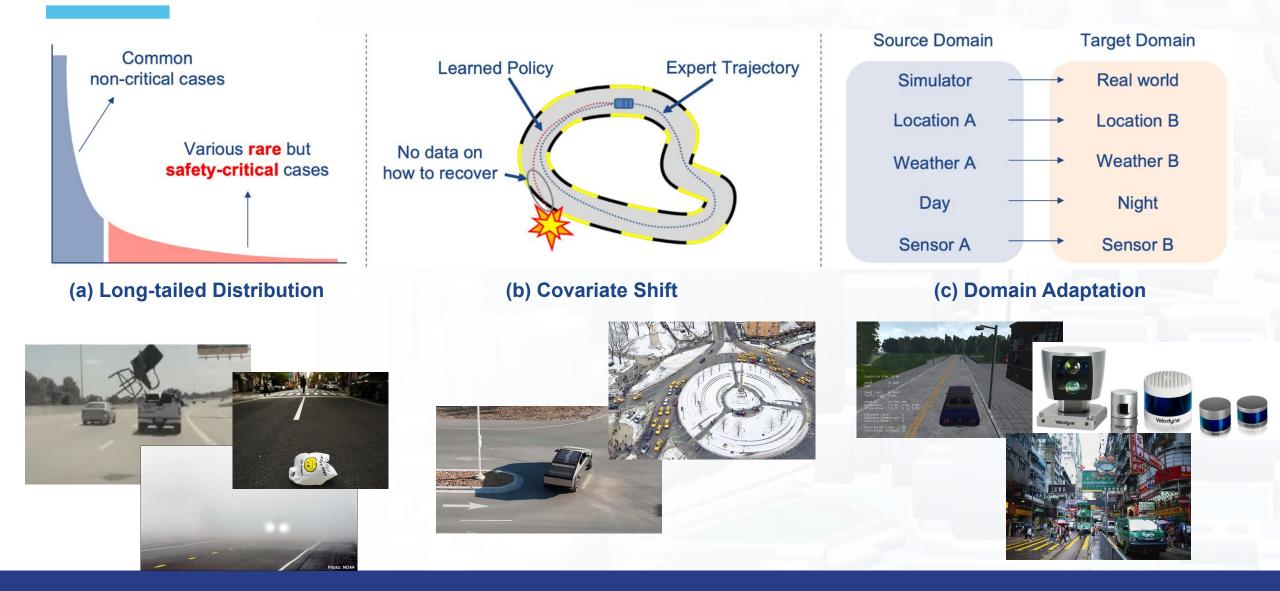
Problem setting | Autonomous Driving (AD) Tasks



Challenge | Various weathers, illuminations, and scenarios



Challenge - Robustness and Generalization



Motivation | Synthetic Data Generation for Driving

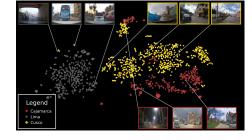
Real Data Collection

- Costly and laborious to collect and annotate the data
- Collecting data on dangerous driving can even pose a risk to life









Credit to Seeing Machines

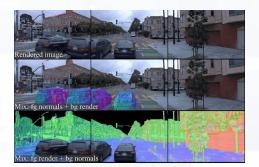




Synthetic Data Generation

- A promising alternative to harvest annotated training data

Simulators



Generative Models

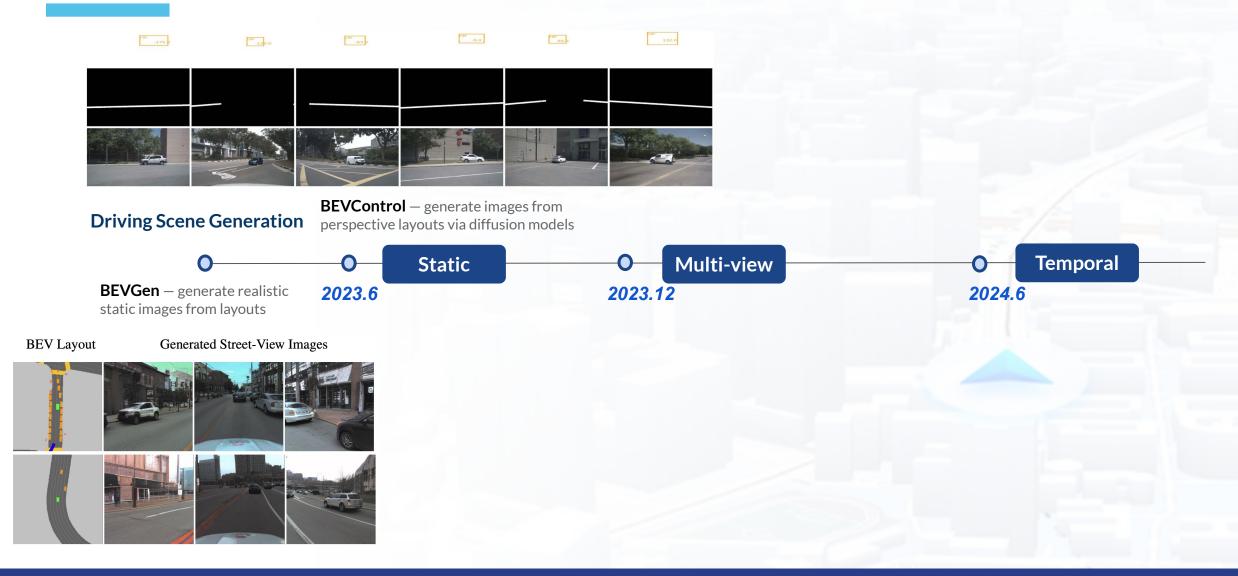






Credit to UniSim, Sora, GenAD











MetaDrive – composing driving scenarios for generalizable reinforcement learning

2022

CARLA – supporting development, training, and validation of autonomous driving systems

Benefits

Layout diversity: effortlessly generate scenes with various behaviors and provide accurate control over all objects

Drawbacks



Appearance diversity: only contain a limited amount of 3D assets, and they lack a realistic visual appearance



SimGen: Simulator-conditioned Driving Scene Generation

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Credit to metadriverse.github.io/simgen

Insights | Simulator-conditioned Generative Model





- We propose a *controllable* and *diverse* scene generation paradigm through the simulator-conditioned generative model, SimGen.
- It learns from **real-world** and **simulated** data and then generate diverse driving scenes based on the simulator's control conditions and rich text cues.

SimGen - The Big Picture

DIVA Dataset

In-the-wild Driving Videos





Virtual Data







Partial photo by courtesy of online resources.



Cascaded Diffusion Model

for autonomous driving

How to formulate?

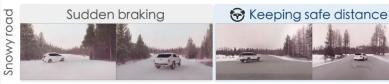
Simulation-to-Reality (Sim2Real) Gaps?

Applications

Data Augmentation



Closed-loop Evaluation







Hoving to the right slowly

DIVA Dataset - Appearance and Layout Diversity

Comparisons

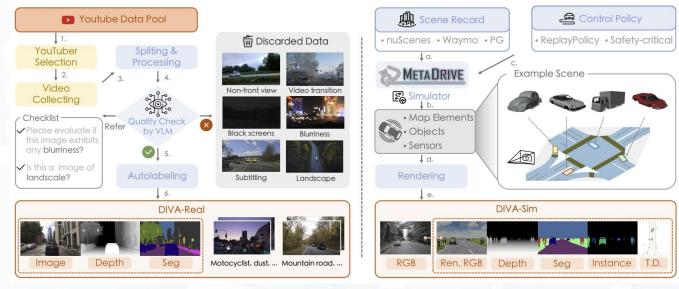
DIVA is the best on scale, diversity, and annotations

Dataset	Time	Frames	Cts.	Cities	Annotations					
	(hours)				Text	Depth	Seg.	Virt.		
KITTI [18]	1.4	15k	1	1		1	1			
CityScapes [11]	0.5	25k	3	50			1			
Waymo* [58]	11	390k	1	3			1			
Argoverse 2* [67]	4.2	300k	1	6						
nuPlan [*] [7]	120	4.0M	2	4						
Honda-HAD [26]	32	1.2M	1	-	1					
nuScenes [6]	5.5	241k	2	2			1			
DIVA-Real	120	4.3M	19	71	1	1	1			
DIVA-Sim	27.5^{+}	998k ⁺	3	5	1	1	1	1		
DIVA (All)	147.5	5.3M	22	76	1	1	1	1		

Construction

Including in-the-wild and virtual driving videos

- Full auto labeling





Examples





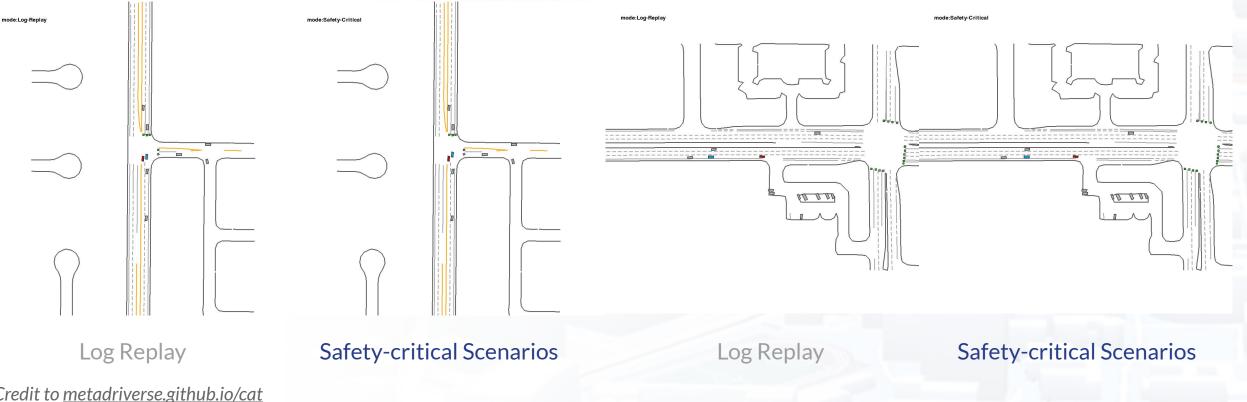
DIVA Dataset - Appearance and Layout Diversity

Examples of Generative Adversarial Scenarios



DIVA Dataset - Appearance and Layout Diversity

Examples of Generative Adversarial Scenarios



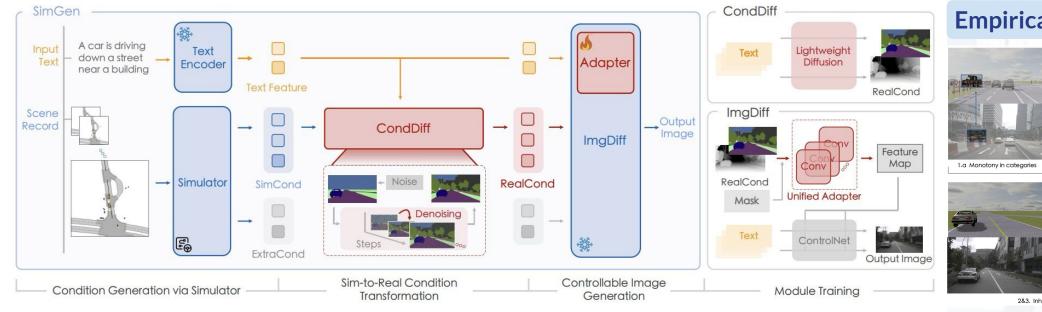
Credit to metadriverse.github.io/cat

SimGen - Overview

- Input: text and scene record _
- Stage 1 (CondDiff): converts SimCond into RealCond, representing real depth and segmentation
- Stage 2 (ImgDiff): an Adapter merges multi-source conditions into a unified control condition and generates driving scene images.

Dataset	RealCond	SimCond	ExtraCond
nuScenes	1		
DIVA-Real	1		
DIVA-Sim		1	1

Real/SimCond: depth and segmentation; ExtraCond: rendered RGB, instance maps, and top-down views



Empirical Study



1.b Variation in positions 1 Mismatches

1.c Occlusion



2&3. Inherent flaws of 3D models and missing backgrounds

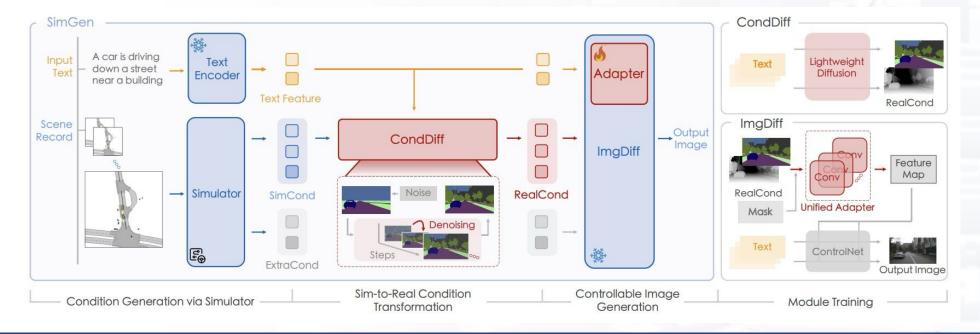
SimGen - Overview

CondDiff

- Naive approach: training a domain transfer model requires paired data far exceeding public datasets
- Ours: CondDiff injects noise-added SimCond into the intermediate sampling process and converts it into realistic conditions via continuous denoising

ImgDiff

- ExtraCond offers additional information but exists condition conflicts
- Ours: mapping variable conditions into fixed-length vectors and enabling a unified control input interface

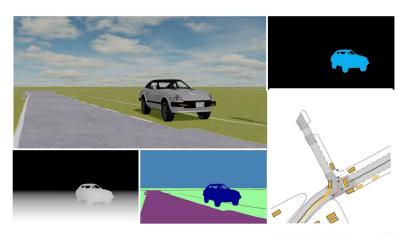


Quantitative Results

Quality		Dive	ersity	Controllability					Applications on data augmentation					
Method	Dataset	FID↓	$D_{ m pix}\uparrow$	Method	Map Seg		Object Detection		Method	Map Seg		Object Det		
BEVGen [60]		25.5			mIoU _{Road}	mIoU _{Vehicle}	AP _{Car}	AP _{Truck}		mIoU _{Road}	$m Io U_{Vehi}$	AP _{Car}	AP _{Truck}	
BEVControl [72] MagicDrive [17]	nuScenes	24.9 16.6	- 19.7	Oracle	72.2	34.6	47.0	21.4	Baseline	72.2	34.6	47.0	21.4	
Panacea [65]	nubeeneb	17.0	-	BEVGen [60]					BEVGen [60]	71.9	34.2	47.3		
DrivingDiffusion [33]		15.9	20.1	MagicD. [17]	58.6 (-13.6)	29.5 (-5.1)	37.3 (-9.7)	17.3 (-4.1)	MagicD. [17]	77.4	37.7	48.0	22.8	
SimGen-nuSc SimGen	nuScenes DIVA	15.6 15.6	20.5 26.6	SimGen-nuSc SimGen	. ,			18.1 (-3.3) 19.6 (-1.8)	SimGen-nuSc SimGen	77.7 78.9	38.0 39.0	48.3 49.1	23.0 23.6	

Diverse Appearances

Conditions



SimGen-nuSc







Desert



Barcelona

Miami



Columbia

Chicago

Diverse Appearances





Downtown Atlanta

Berlin



Switzerland

Mountains

At dusk

Diverse Appearances





Diverse Appearances





In the fall

Manila

Midnight

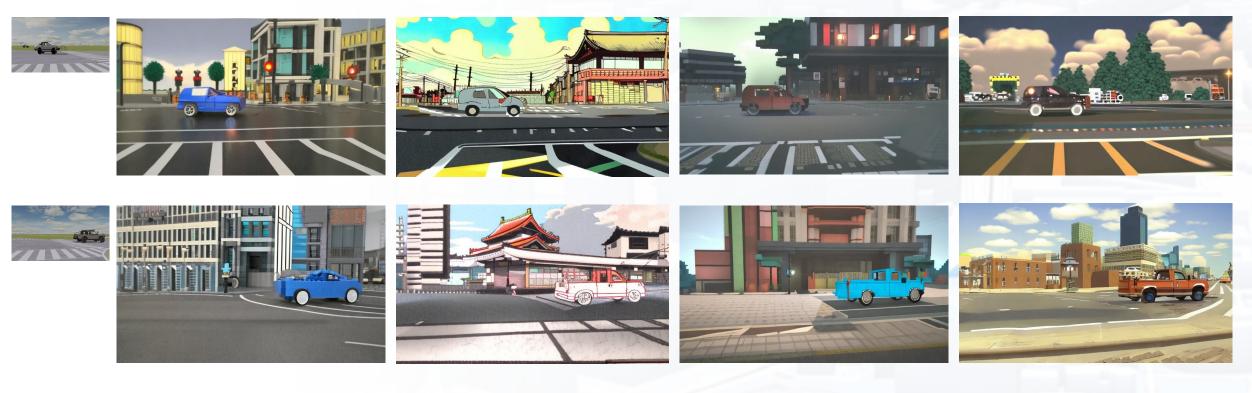


Blue sedan

Kuala lumpur

Blizzard days

Diverse Appearances



LEGO

Ukiyo-e

Minecraft

Super Mario

Diverse Appearances



LEGO

Ukiyo-e

Minecraft

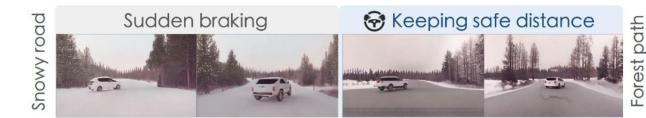
Super Mario

Safety-critical Layouts

Efficiency of Simu-conditions



Applications on Closed-loop Evaluation





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Conclusions

Grab-and-go

- A simulator-conditioned diffusion model, SimGen, that learns to generate diverse driving scenarios by mixing data from the simulator and the web.
- A novel dataset containing massive web and simulated driving videos that ensure diverse scene generation and advanced simulation-to-reality research is collected.

Limitations

- SimGen is not designed for video generation.
- SimGen does not cope with common settings such as multi-view generation.
- Inheriting the drawbacks of diffusion models, SimGen suffers from long inference time, which may impact the applications like closed-loop training.







