

How to Continually Adapt Text-to-Image Diffusion Models for Flexible Customization? (NeurIPS 2024)

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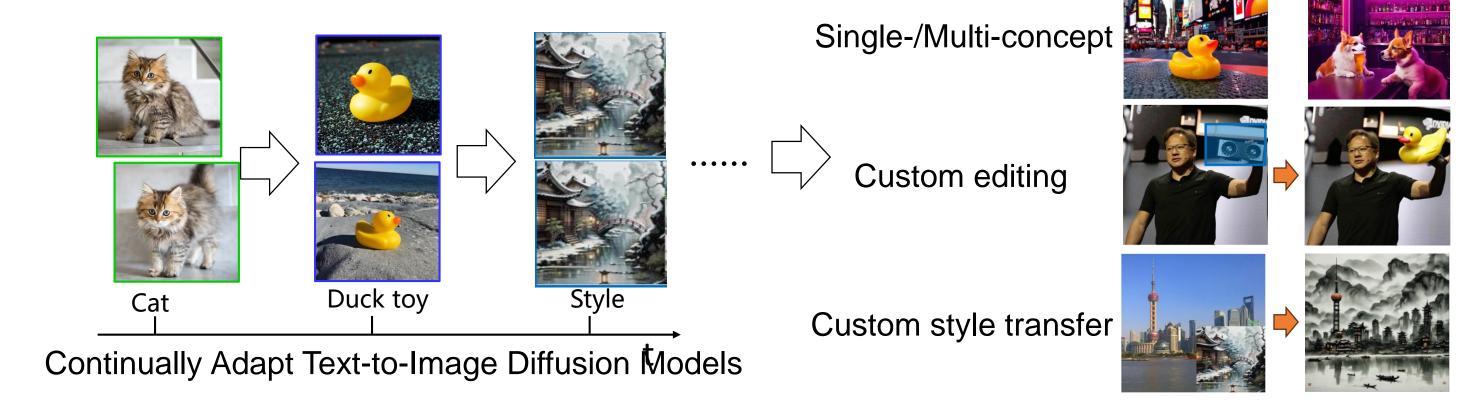






Background

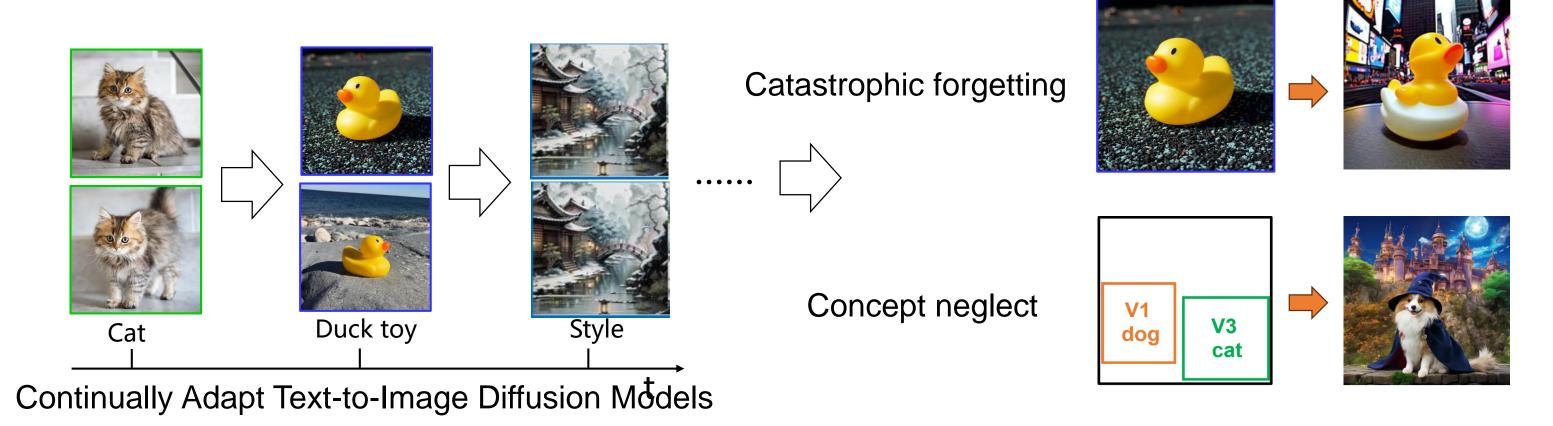
- Concept-Incremental Diffusion: Continually synthesize a series of new personalized concepts from user's own lives (i.e., pets, objects, style photos and human photos).
- Versatile concept customization: Consecutively synthesize a sequence of new personalized concepts for versatile customization (e.g., multi-concept generation, style transfer and image editing).





Motivation

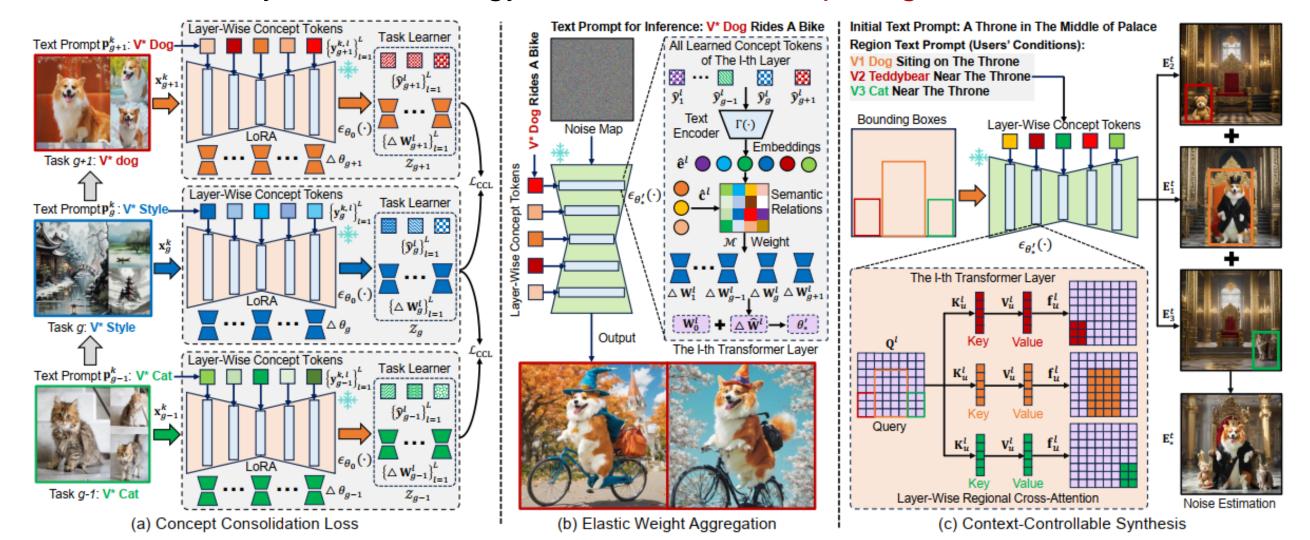
- Retain all lora weights associated with old concepts and then merge them, which may experience significant loss of individual attributes (i.e., catastrophic forgetting) for versatile customization.
- Current methods heavily suffer from concept neglect when users may wish to control the contexts and objects associated with multiple concepts in synthesized images.





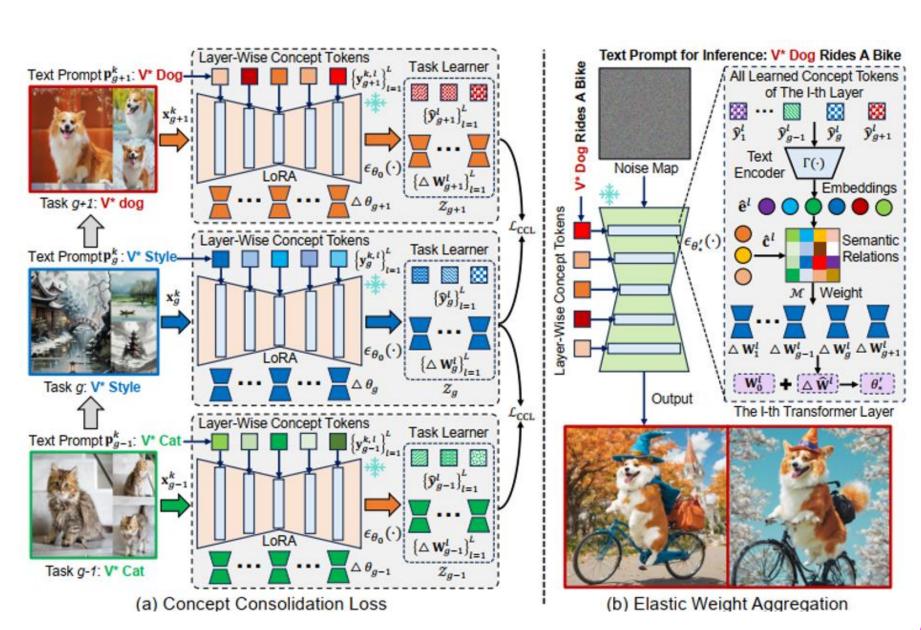
Contributions:

- Develop a novel Concept-Incremental text-to-image Diffusion Model (CIDM) to learn new personalized concepts continuously for versatile concept customization.
- Devise a concept consolidation loss and an elastic weight aggregation module to mitigate the catastrophic forgetting.
- Develop a context-controllable synthesis strategy to tackle the concept neglect.





Tackle catastrophic forgetting: Concept consolidation loss and elastic weight aggregation



1. In the g-th task, we devise an orthogonal subspace regularizer to constrain the low-rank weights of different customization tasks:

$$\triangle \theta_g = \{ \triangle \mathbf{W}_g^l \}_{l=1}^L$$
 $\triangle \mathbf{W}_g^l = \mathbf{A}_g^l \mathbf{B}_g^l$ LoRA weights of l-th layers

We perform the orthogonal subspace regularizer on the low-rank concept subspaces of different tasks:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{g-1} \sum_{l=1}^{L} \mathbf{A}_{i}^{l} (\mathbf{A}_{g}^{l})^{\top} = 0. \ \mathcal{R}_{1} = \sum_{i=1}^{g-1} \sum_{l=1}^{L} \mathbf{A}_{i}^{l} (\mathbf{A}_{g}^{l})^{\top}$$

2. After leraning g tasks, we develop an elastic weight aggregation(EWA) module to adaptively merge them for versatile concept customization:

$$\mathcal{M} = \max(\widehat{\mathbf{c}}^l \cdot (\widehat{\mathbf{e}}^l)^{\mathsf{T}}), \quad \triangle \widehat{\mathbf{W}}^l = \sum_{i=1}^g \triangle \mathbf{W}_i^l \ \psi(\mathcal{M})_i,$$

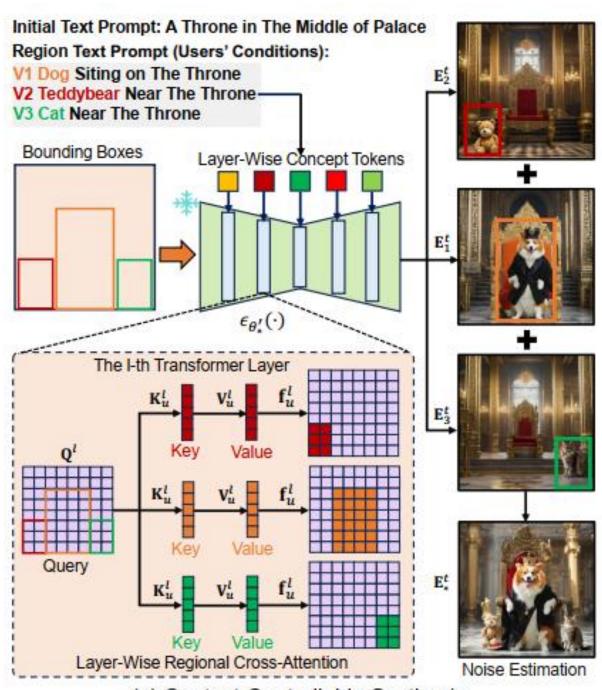
Layer-wise concept embeddings

Layer-wise text embeddings

All learned lora weights



Tackle concept neglect: Context-controllable synthesis strategy



Current methods suffer catastrophic neglect when generating images of multi-concepts.

1. Perform layer-wise regional cross-attention between textual embedding and latent feature for i-th region:

$$\mathbf{Q}^l = \Omega(\mathbf{f}^l \mathbf{w}_q \odot \widehat{\mathbf{m}}_u^l)$$
 Region mask $\mathbf{K}_u^l = \widehat{\mathbf{c}}_u^l \mathbf{w}_k \in \mathbb{R}^{n_e \times d}$ $\mathbf{V}_u^l = \widehat{\mathbf{c}}_u^l \mathbf{w}_v \in \mathbb{R}^{n_e \times d}$

2. we aggregate U regional noise estimations to further address concept neglect.

$$\mathbf{E}_{u}^{t} = \epsilon_{\theta_{*}'}(\mathbf{z}_{t}|t) + s \cdot (\epsilon_{\theta_{*}'}(\mathbf{z}_{t}|[\widehat{\mathbf{c}}_{u},\widehat{\mathbf{s}}_{u}],t) - \epsilon_{\theta_{*}'}(\mathbf{z}_{t}|t)),$$

Forward noise estimations

$$\mathbf{E}_*^t = \alpha \mathbf{E}^t + \sum_{u=1}^U (1 - \alpha) \mathbf{E}_u^t \odot \widehat{\mathbf{m}}_u^L,$$

(c) Context-Controllable Synthesis



Experiments: Concept-incremental settings

Datasets:



Single-concept:

LoRA-M V2 duck toy in time square

Sun rises among the mountains in the V6 style

Multi-concept:





Experiments: Concept-incremental settings

Table 1: Comparisons (IA) of single-concept customization synthesized by SD-1.5 and SDXL.

Methods	SD-1.5 [40]										SDXL [35]											
	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	Avg.	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	Avg.
Finetuning	77.6	82.2	79.0	77.6	79.6	62.9	71.5	53.7	81.4	72.1	73.7	62.0	70.8	79.1	73.4	76.4	67.5	76.8	57.4	77.1	74.8	71.5
EWC [20]	78.7	83.8	80.4	80.3	80.7	64.0	76.5	57.1	84.4	73.1	75.9	83.6	80.5	84.6	80.8	79.2	70.1	80.5	61.2	79.5	75.8	77.6
LWF [26]	80.4	79.7	80.9	77.4	80.9	61.8	73.2	53.5	78.1	74.7	74.1	84.0	81.2	84.2	81.7	79.7	68.1	77.1	60.1	76.3	72.7	76.5
LoRA-M [70]	80.0	84.2	79.1	76.5	82.7	65.7	70.1	54.7	79.5	74.1	74.6	82.6	79.9	84.5	80.1	80.9	57.8	77.0	54.0	71.8	74.0	74.3
LoRA-C [70]	80.1	84.1	79.8	76.6	82.9	65.9	70.8	54.9	79.9	74.4	74.9	82.8	80.4	84.8	80.0	81.0	58.2	76.8	54.5	72.2	73.9	74.5
CLoRA [46]	83.2	83.4	81.1	80.6	84.9	66.3	76.2	58.1	83.0	72.1	76.9	83.4	81.3	85.8	80.1	79.0	70.4	81.2	61.7	78.5	76.7	77.8
L2DM [48]	78.7	86.3	76.6	80.7	86.8	70.8	70.0	59.3	77.7	74.1	76.1	84.6	79.5	81.9	75.5	82.1	69.2	80.9	63.8	77.0	76.4	77.1
CIDM (Ours)	83.6	86.4	82.9	80.8	86.5	69.5	73.7	56.9	82.4	75.9	78.0	87.1	82.1	88.5	84.9	85.8	68.3	82.0	62.4	76.9	76.6	79.5

Qualitative Comparisons:

Achieve 2.0%~8.0% improvement

Table 2: Comparisons (TA) of single-concept customization synthesized by SD-1.5 and SDXL.

Methods	SD-1.5 [40]										SDXL [35]											
	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	Avg.	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	Avg.
Finetuning	64.4	74.6	69.4	68.6	75.0	70.0	76.7	69.2	65.4	67.2	70.0	54.8	77.5	72.2	85.0	80.5	76.2	79.7	73.6	77.6	76.3	75.3
EWC [20]	67.1	77.5	72.7	77.9	76.7	72.3	74.2	72.0	66.0	70.4	72.7	71.4	79.8	72.8	84.4	79.5	73.9	76.7	77.0	78.3	77.6	77.1
LWF [26]	70.8	75.2	71.0	77.4	76.0	71.7	76.3	72.9	72.5	70.0	73.4	75.8	76.9	76.0	83.6	82.9	75.1	76.7	74.3	79.1	76.8	77.7
RPY [27]	68.1	76.2	70.1	78.4	75.7	69.3	74.8	70.5	65.8	68.6	71.8	69.3	81.0	71.9	87.3	78.8	71.5	76.4	75.9	79.7	76.2	76.8
CLoRA [46]	69.4	78.0	74.1	78.8	76.4	69.6	76.7	73.9	69.0	71.8	73.6	71.8	80.1	71.1	87.7	81.2	74.6	77.8	77.7	80.1	75.9	77.8
L2DM [48]	68.6	79.5	70.1	73.0	76.7	67.7	75.9	74.1	71.8	69.4	72.7	72.6	78.4	78.5	85.0	81.5	73.5	78.6	79.1	81.9	77.8	78.7
CIDM (Ours)	75.3	78.1	74.0	81.1	78.2	70.1	74.7	74.3	73.5	70.2	74.8	74.9	79.6	74.5	86.7	83.5	79.8	78.2	83.1	81.4	78.5	80.0

Thanks for your attention!

Code Link: https://github.com/JiahuaDong/CIFC

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