



#### LoD-Loc: Aerial Visual Localization using LoD 3D Map with Neural Wireframe Alignment

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# Background

#### The Aerial Visual Localization Problem





#### Compute the camera translation and orientation from a given image

# Background

# **Challenge**: state-of-the-art visual localization methods rely on complex 3D representations





Structure-from-Motion

#### **Mesh Model**

- **I** High Maintenance Costs: Expensive to maintain on a global scale.
- **I** Frequent Updates Required: Needs constant updates to stay relevant.
- **1** Costly to store: Requires significant storage capacity due to the high data volume.
- Privacy Concerns: High-resolution 3D maps reveal detailed information.

### Motivation

- Level of Detail (LoD) 3D models are
  Easy Acquire/Maintain, Light-weight Size, Privacy Preservation

#### 6-DoF Pose Estimation over LoD Model













#### **LoD-Loc** Dataset overview



LoD models with details

Query samples

### **Dataset** Query image collection



in-Traj.



out-of-Traj.

Table 5: Key distinctions	between the in-Tra	ij. and out-of-Traj.	sequences.
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Name	Capture device	Capture pitch angle	Capture height	Capture route
in-Traj.	DJI M300+H20t	0° or 45°	120m	Zig-zag flight on a se- lected region
out-of-Traj.	DJI Mavic3 Pro	$30^{\circ} \sim 60^{\circ}$	$90m \sim 150m$	Manually controlled flight on the map

### Experiment

#### ☐ Results over the UAVD4L-LoD dataset.

Table 2: Quantitative comparison results over the UAVD4L-LoD dataset.

Method		in-Traj.			out-of-Traj.		
		2m-2°	3m-3°	5m-5°	2m-2°	3m-3°	5m-5°
S	Sensor Priors	0	0	4.3	0	0	0.36
UAVD4L Mesh model	SIFT+NN	73.13	78.62	80.42	82.39	85.13	86.36
	SPP+SPG	91.71	92.02	92.14	93.43	93.70	93.80
	LoFTR	84.98	88.09	88.90	91.56	92.02	92.11
	e-LoFTR	84.47	88.21	88.96	91.06	91.93	92.02
	RoMA	93.27	93.70	93.77	95.03	95.53	95.53
	SIFT+NN	0	0	0	0	0	0
CadLoc LoD model	SPP+SPG	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LoFTR	0	0	0	0	0	0
	e-LoFTR	0.37	0.87	1.31	0.41	0.78	1.37
	RoMA	2.18	2.87	3.68	6.93	8.76	10.40
	SOLD2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DeepLSD+SOLD2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DeepLSD+GlueStick	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Ours</b>	no NWE	10.41	16.21	24.19	6.93	12.64	21.62
	no $USR$	70.39	85.47	95.32	82.62	94.71	97.63
LOD mouel	no Refine	51.31	76.06	86.78	74.27	97.95	99.36
	Full model	84.41	91.77	96.95	95.94	99.00	99.36

### Experiment

#### ☐ Results over the Swiss-EPFL dataset.

	Method		in-Place			out-of-Place		
Wethod		2m-2°	3m-3°	5m-5°	2m-2°	3m-3°	5m-5°	
Ge	nerated Priors	0	0	0.56	0	0	1.06	
UAVD4L Mesh model	SIFT+NN	14.47	23.31	36.52	32.98	54.35	71.50	
	SPP+SPG	34.83	60.39	77.25	77.04	89.71	92.35	
	LoFTR	27.67	49.58	66.43	68.87	81.00	84.96	
	e-LoFTR	37.64	60.96	76.40	81.53	91.03	93.93	
	RoMA	45.98	66.77	80.73	89.18	98.68	98.94	
4	SIFT+NN	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	SPP+SPG	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CadLoc LoD model	LoFTR	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	e-LoFTR	0	0.14	0.14	0	0	0.53	
	RoMA	0.98	1.97	2.67	2.37	5.01	6.33	
	SOLD2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	DeepLSD+SOLD2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	DeepLSD+GlueStick	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<b>Ours</b> LoD model	no NWE	11.37	21.35	33.57	18.99	31.39	45.91	
	no $USR$	42.42	58.29	71.21	31.40	48.81	70.45	
	no Refine	36.10	58.01	76.97	18.21	39.31	66.23	
	Full model	48.60	65.31	79.78	37.73	57.26	77.57	

Table 3: Quantitative comparison results over the Swiss-EPFL dataset.

# Thanks for listening

Paper link: https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.12269 Project link: https://victorzoo.github.io/LoD-Loc.github.io/