

# Image Understanding Makes for A Good Tokenizer for Image Generation

Luting Wang   Yang Zhao<sup>1</sup>   Zijian Zhang<sup>1</sup>   Jiashi Feng<sup>1</sup>   Si Liu\*   Bingyi Kang<sup>1\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>ByteDance   \*Corresponding Authors

Friday, December 13



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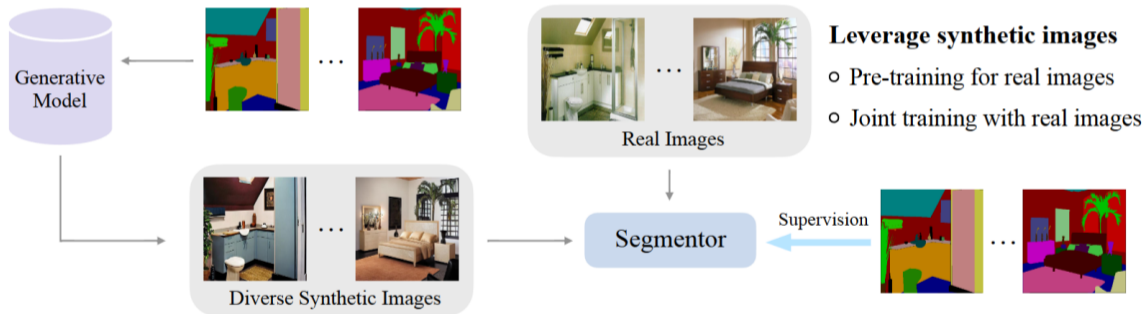
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# Image Generation Benefits Image Understanding

Studies have shown that IG models can benefit IU tasks in various ways.

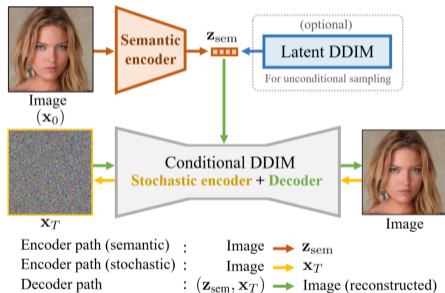
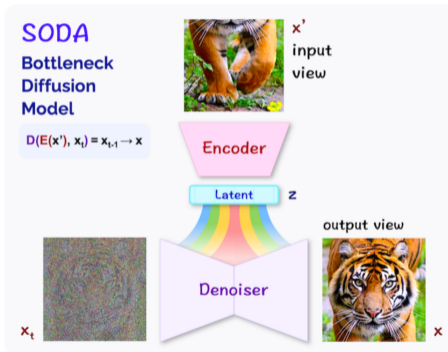
## ① Data augmentation through synthetic data generation



# Image Generation Benefits Image Understanding

Studies have shown that IG models can benefit IU tasks in various ways.

## ② Improved **representation learning**



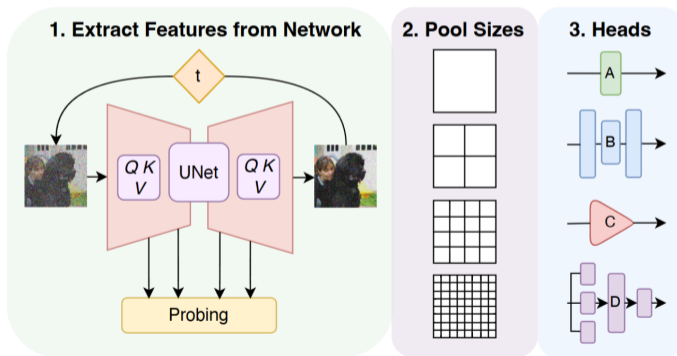
Drew A. Hudson, et al. "SODA: Bottleneck Diffusion Models for Representation Learning." arXiv:2311.17901, 2023.

Konpat Preechakul, et al. "Diffusion Autoencoders: Toward a Meaningful and Decodable Representation." CVPR, 2022.

# Image Generation Benefits Image Understanding

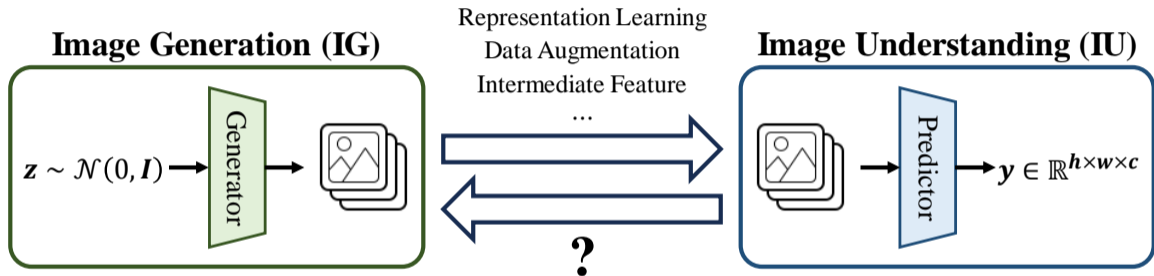
Studies have shown that IG models can benefit IU tasks in various ways.

- 3 Utilizing **intermediate features** from IG models for solving perception tasks



Soumik Mukhopadhyay, et al. "Diffusion Models Beat GANs on Image Classification." arXiv:2307.08702.

# The Reciprocal Question?



The reciprocal question remains largely uncharted:

## How might IU models aid IG tasks?

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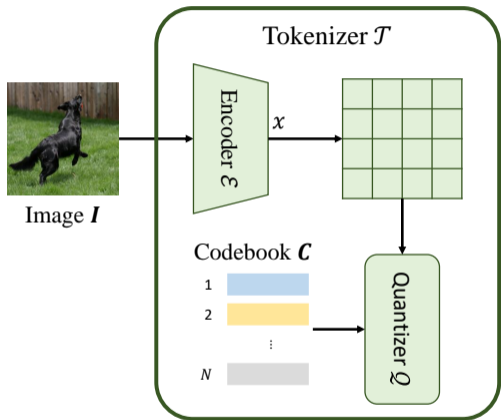
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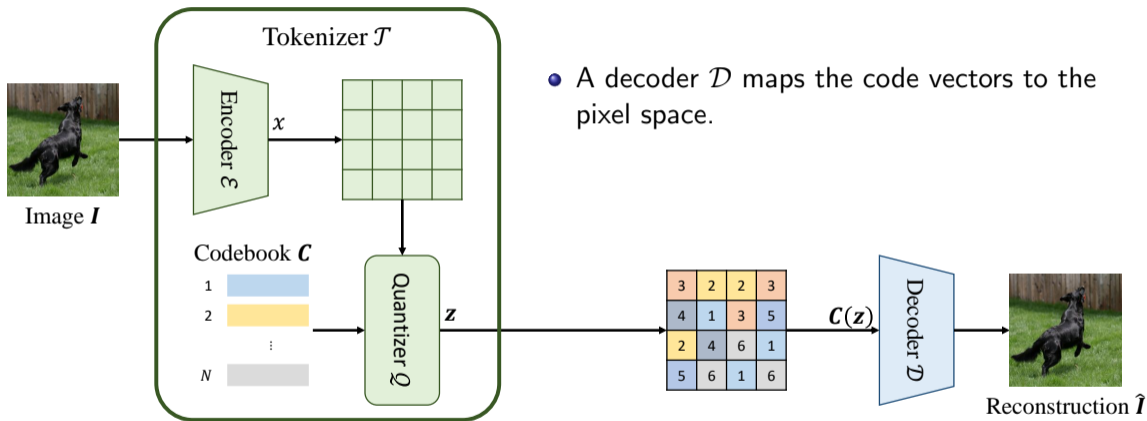
# Two-Stage Image Generation



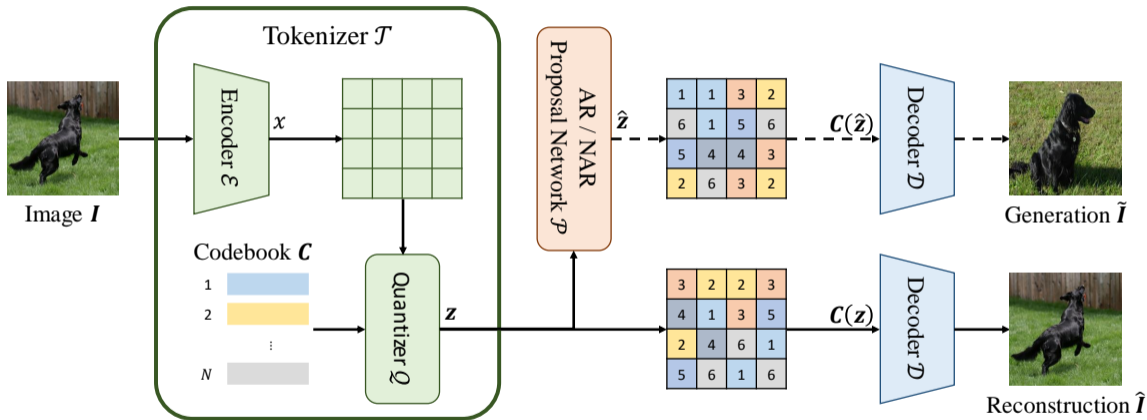
- The encoder  $\mathcal{E}$ , quantizer  $\mathcal{Q}$ , and codebook  $\mathbf{C}$  collectively form an **image tokenizer  $\mathcal{T}$** .
- Given an image  $\mathbf{I} \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times W \times 3}$ , the **encoder  $\mathcal{E}$**  converts this image into a feature map  $x \in \mathbb{R}^{h \times w \times d}$ .
- **Codebook  $\mathbf{C}$**  is a set of  $N$  code vectors  $\{c_i\}_{i=1}^N \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times d}$ , where each code vector  $c_i \in \mathbb{R}^d$  corresponds to a specific code  $i$ .
- **Quantizer  $\mathcal{Q}$**  then maps  $x$  into a sequence of codes  $\mathbf{z} = \{z_i\}_{i=1}^L$ .



# Two-Stage Image Generation



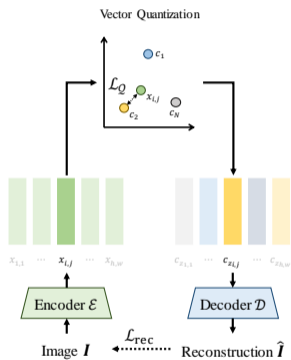
# Two-Stage Image Generation



- The **proposal network  $\mathcal{P}$**  models the distribution over  $z$ , denoted as  $p(z)$ .

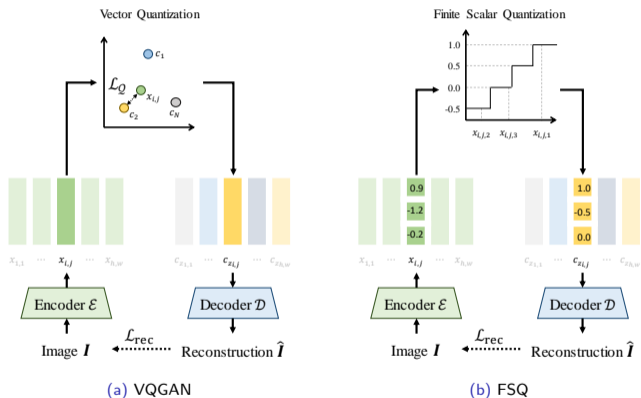
# Image Tokenizers

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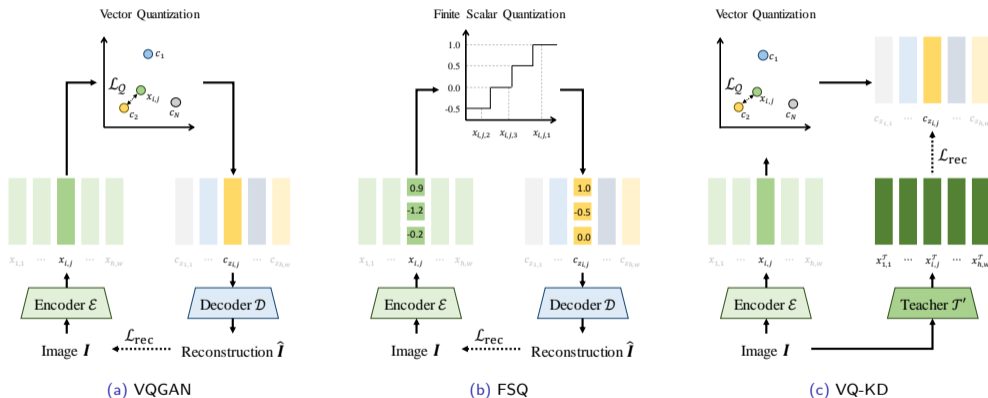
(a) VQGAN

# Image Tokenizers



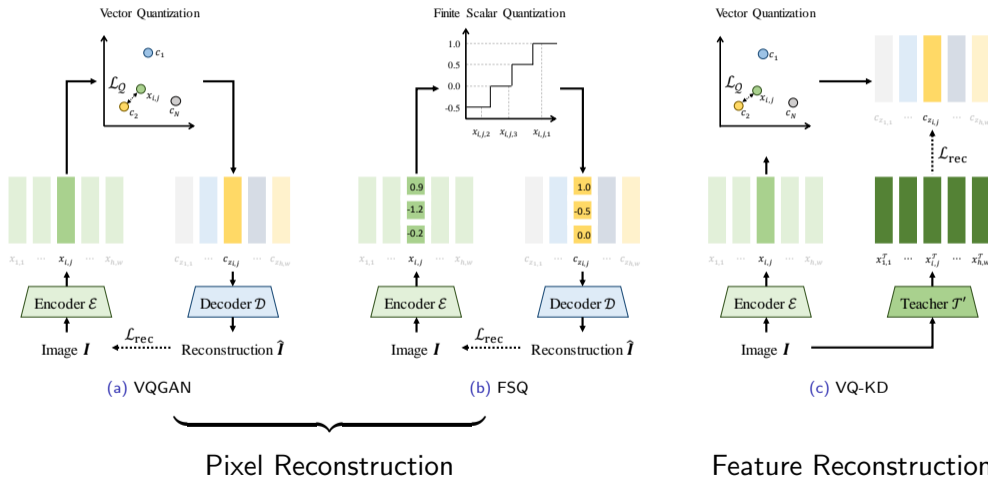
Fabian Mentzer, David Minnen, *et al.* "Finite Scalar Quantization: VQ-VAE Made Simple." ICLR, 2024.

# Image Tokenizers

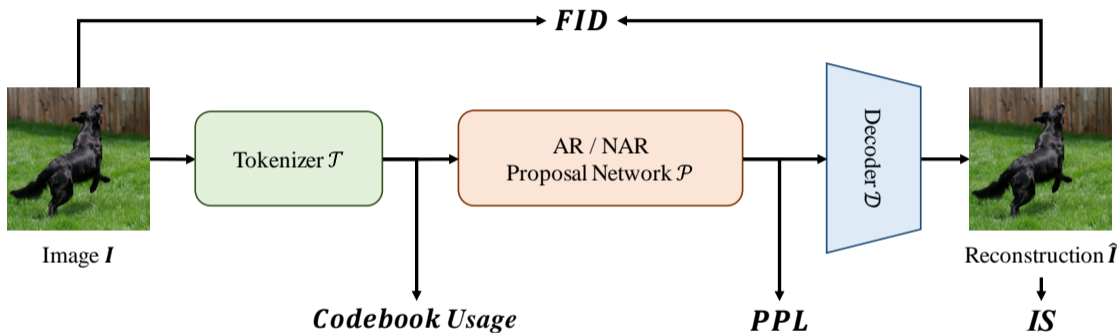


Zhiliang Peng, Li Dong, et al. "BEiT v2: Masked Image Modeling with Vector-Quantized Visual Tokenizers." arXiv preprint arXiv:2208.06366, 2022.

## Image Tokenizers



# Benchmark



We build the above benchmark to evaluate the IG performance of tokenizers.

- For each tokenizer, we train a proposal network and a decoder to form an image generator.
- Various metrics are adopted for a comprehensive evaluation.



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# Main Observation

- 1 VQ-KD significantly enhances generation quality over VQGAN.

Tokenizer	Codebook Usage (%)	rFID ↓	PPL ↓	FID <sub>AR</sub> ↓	FID <sub>NAR</sub> ↓
VQGAN	4.9	5.09	116.75	<b>24.11</b>	<b>20.03</b>
FSQ	100.0	4.96	791.56	40.17	29.78
VQ-KD <sub>CLIP</sub>	100.0	4.96	53.73	11.78	9.51
VQ-KD <sub>ViT</sub>	100.0	3.69	89.30	<b>11.40</b>	<b>8.45</b>
VQ-KD <sub>DINO</sub>	100.0	3.41	74.07	13.15	10.21
VQ-KD <sub>MAE</sub>	100.0	4.93	280.06	26.85	16.11

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- 2 The superiority of VQ-KD is irrelevant to the quantization operation and codebook usage.

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# Main Observation

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- 2 The superiority of VQ-KD is irrelevant to the quantization operation and codebook usage.
- 3 Tokenizers with stronger semantic understanding tend to deliver superior IG performance.

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## Further Verification

- 1 The superiority of VQ-KD holds across proposal networks.
- 2 The superiority of VQ-KD holds across datasets.

Tokenizer $\mathcal{T}$	Codebook Usage (%)	rFID ↓	PPL ↓	FID <sub>AR</sub> ↓	FID <sub>T2I</sub> ↓
VQGAN	2.4	16.21	47.89	<b>38.43</b>	24.11
FSQ	100.0	4.62	1040.02	<b>44.64</b>	23.36
VQ-KD <sub>CLIP</sub>	82.2	5.48	72.31	29.80	11.17
VQ-KD <sub>ViT</sub>	100.0	3.70	117.10	23.51	15.49
VQ-KD <sub>DINO</sub>	100.0	2.69	129.93	<b>17.55</b>	11.50
VQ-KD <sub>MAE</sub>	100.0	3.51	317.98	44.01	15.60

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FSQ	100.0	4.62	1040.02	44.64	23.36
VQ-KD <sub>CLIP</sub>	82.2	5.48	72.31	29.80	11.17
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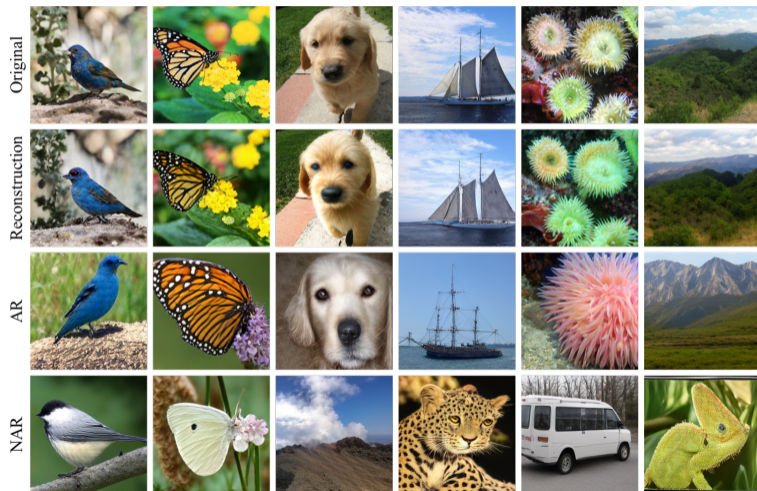
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# Results

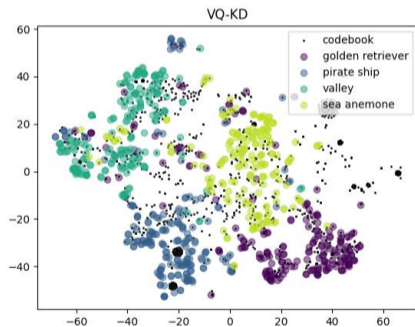
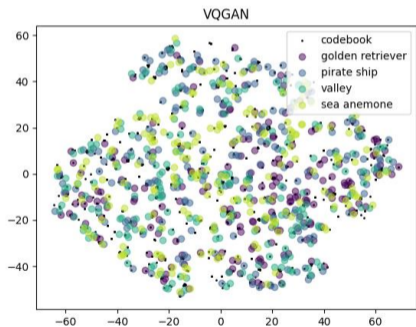


VQ-KD visualization of

- the original images,
- The reconstructed images,
- The AR generation,
- The NAR generation.

# Codebook

- Compared to VQGAN, the organized feature space of VQ-KD improves the **clarity of code semantics** and helps to **better understand** image content and code interaction.



Codebook visualization of VQGAN and VQ-KD<sub>ViT</sub>.

## Contact Us



[arxiv.org/abs/2411.04406](https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.04406)



[lutingwang.ai@qq.com](mailto:lutingwang.ai@qq.com)



[https://github.com/magic-research/vector\\_quantization](https://github.com/magic-research/vector_quantization)

