

FLSL: Feature Level Selfsupervise Learning

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Current Self-Supervised Learning (SSL) for Dense Prediction





Current SSL for Dense Prediction

• Relying on critical **non-trainable component** to find the positive pairs. e.g., *Selective search* (region proposal), *Felzenszwalb-Huttenlocher* algorithm (cluster proposal), corresponding regions mapping, etc.

• **Semantic misalignment** with dense prediction tasks.

e.g., considering similar representations for correspondent regions only, considering distinct representation of every patch, etc.

• **Discrepancy** with actual semantics of an image.

e.g., untended separation of representations from foreground and background (interest and non-interest), rectangular RoIs and misaligned cluster masks posing mismatched positive pairs.





RoI-based

NEURAL INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEMS





The Bi-level Clustering of FLSL

1st level (Intra-view) representations corresponding to a semantic concept (as a cluster), $z \in \tilde{z}^c$, are close to its cluster representative (mode) \hat{z}^c and far away from the representations of other clusters; 2nd level (Inter-view) the cluster representatives (modes) \hat{z} s corresponding to the same semantic concept in Xs over the dataset are pushed closer to each other.





Self-attention from *mean-shift* (MS) **Clustering Perspective**

$$\mathsf{KDE}^{\mathsf{KDE}}$$

$$p(\boldsymbol{z}) = \sum_{i \ = \ 1}^{N} p(\boldsymbol{z}_i) p(\boldsymbol{z} | \boldsymbol{z}_i) = \sum_{i \ = \ 1}^{N} \pi_i \frac{1}{T_i} K(d(\boldsymbol{z}, \boldsymbol{z}_i; \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_i))$$

Mode Stationary points
$$\left. \partial p(oldsymbol{z}) \middle/ \partial oldsymbol{z} = 0
ight.$$

$$\hat{oldsymbol{z}} = oldsymbol{f}\left(oldsymbol{z}
ight) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} p(oldsymbol{z}_i |oldsymbol{z}) oldsymbol{z}_i$$

 $p(oldsymbol{z}_i|oldsymbol{z}) = rac{\pi_i rac{1}{T_i} K'(d(oldsymbol{z},oldsymbol{z}_i;oldsymbol{\Sigma}_i))oldsymbol{\Sigma}_i^{-1}}{\sum_{i=1}^N \pi_j rac{1}{T_i} K'(d(oldsymbol{z},oldsymbol{z}_i;oldsymbol{\Sigma}_i))oldsymbol{\Sigma}_i^{-1}}$

Attention mechanism attention $(\boldsymbol{Q}, \boldsymbol{K}, \boldsymbol{V}) = \boldsymbol{V} \operatorname{softmax} \left(\boldsymbol{Q}^{\top} \boldsymbol{K} / \sqrt{D_{qk}} \right)$

Generalized MS with linear operator

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{Z}} \!=\! \operatorname{SA}(\boldsymbol{Z}) \!=\! \mathbf{W}_V \; \boldsymbol{Z} \; \operatorname{softmax} \left(\! 1 \! / \sqrt{D_{qk}} \boldsymbol{Z}^{ op} \left(\mathbf{W}_Q^{ op} \mathbf{W}_K
ight) \boldsymbol{Z}
ight)$$

l₂-normalized vectors
 homoscedastic Gaussian kernel

$$\hat{oldsymbol{z}} = ext{meanshift}(oldsymbol{z}, au) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} rac{ ext{exp}\left(auoldsymbol{z}^{ op}oldsymbol{z}_{i}
ight)}{\sum_{j=1}^{N} ext{exp}\left(auoldsymbol{z}^{ op}oldsymbol{z}_{j}
ight)} oldsymbol{z}_{i}$$



NEURAL INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEMS

1st level: intra-view clustering representations corresponding to a semantic concept (as a cluster), $z \in \tilde{z}^c$, are close to its cluster representative (mode) \hat{z}^c and far away from the representations of other clusters.

$$soft mask [soft mask] [z_{j}^{\top}Z_{j}]_{j} = p(z_{j}|z_{i}) \ge 1/((\sum_{k \in c_{i}} e^{(z_{i}^{\top}z_{k}-z_{i}^{\top}z_{j})\tau}) + (N-|c_{i}|)e^{-\Delta_{ij}\tau}), \forall j \in c_{i}$$

$$\Delta_{ij} = z_{i}^{\top}z_{j} - \max_{m \in [N] \setminus c_{i}} z_{i}^{\top}z_{m}, j \in c_{i}$$

$$\lim_{f_{\theta}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} ||z_{i} - \hat{z}_{i}||_{2}^{2} \qquad \hat{z}_{i} = Z \operatorname{softmax}(\tau z_{i}^{\top}Z)$$

$$\lim_{f_{\theta}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} ||z_{i} - \hat{z}_{i}||_{2}^{2} \qquad \hat{z}_{i} = Z \operatorname{softmax}(\tau z_{i}^{\top}Z)$$

$$\lim_{intra-view} \int_{t_{i}}^{t_{i}} ||z_{i} - z_{i}||_{2}^{2} \qquad \hat{z}_{i} = Z \operatorname{softmax}(\tau z_{i}^{\top}Z)$$



2nd-level: Inter-view Clustering the cluster representatives (modes) \hat{z}^c 's corresponding to the same semantic concept in X's over the dataset are pushed closer to each other.

$$\begin{split} \min_{\mathcal{M}} \frac{1}{N'} \sum_{\hat{z} \in \hat{\mathcal{Z}}} \sum_{k=1}^{K} \delta_{kk(\hat{z})} \| \hat{z} - \mu_{k(\hat{z})} \|_{2}^{2} + D_{\mathrm{KL}}(\bar{p} \| \pi) \\ \min_{\mathcal{M}} \frac{1}{N'} \sum_{\hat{z} \in \hat{\mathcal{Z}}} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{K} \delta_{kk(\hat{z})} \| \hat{z} - \mu_{k(\hat{z})} \|_{2}^{2} + (1 - \delta_{k(\hat{z}^{+})k(\hat{z})}) \| \hat{z}^{+} - \mu_{k(\hat{z})} \|_{2}^{2} \right) + D_{\mathrm{KL}}(\bar{p} \| \pi) \\ \text{separation margin for } \hat{z}^{+} \\ \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \text{Positive pair retrieval: } \hat{z}^{+} = Z^{+} \text{ softmax } (\tau z^{\top} Z^{+}) \\ \\ \max_{\mathcal{M}} \frac{1}{N'} \sum_{\hat{z} \in \hat{\mathcal{Z}}} \mathrm{H}(p(\hat{z}^{+}), p(\hat{z})) + D_{\mathrm{KL}}(\bar{p} \| \pi) \\ \\ & & & & \\ &$$



FLSL Objective







Pretrain	Backbone	Epoch	#Params	AP ^{bbox}	AP_{50}^{bbox}	AP ^{bbox} ₇₅	AP^{mk}	AP_{50}^{mk}	AP_{70}^{mk}
MoCo-v2	RN50	200	23M	38.9	59.2	42.4	35.5	56.2	37.8
DetCo	RN50	200	23M	40.1	61.0	43.9	36.4	58.0	38.9
DenseCL	RN50	200	23M	40.3	59.9	44.3	36.4	57.0	39.2
BYOL	RN50	1000	23M	40.4	61.6	44.1	37.2	58.8	39.8
SCRL	RN50	1000	23M	41.3	62.4	45.0	37.7	59.6	40.7
MOCO-v3	ViT-S/16	300	21M	39.8	62.6	43.1	37.1	59.6	39.2
MoBY	ViT-S/16	300	21M	41.1	63.7	44.8	37.6	60.3	39.8
DINO	ViT-S/16	300	21M	40.8	63.4	44.2	37.3	59.9	39.5
DINO+SelfPatch	ViT-S/16	200	21M	42.1	64.9	46.1	38.5	61.3	40.8
ADCLR	ViT-S/16	300	21M	44.3	65.4	47.6	39.7	62.1	41.5
FLSL	ViT-S/16	300	21M	44.9	66.1	48.1	40.8	64.7	44.2
FLSL	ViT-S/8	300	21M	46.5	69.0	51.3	42.1	65.3	45.0

Table 1: MASK R-CNN ON COCO

Pretrain	AP ^{bbox}	AP _s ^{bbox}	AP_m^{bbox}	AP_1^{bbox}	AP^{mk}
None	48.1	-	-	-	42.6
IN-1k Supv.	47.6	-	-	-	42.4
IN-21k Supv.	47.8	-	-	-	42.6
IN-1k DINO	48.9	32.9	52.2	62.4	43.7
IN-1k MAE	51.2	34.9	54.7	66.0	45.5
IN-1k FLSL	53.1	36.9	56.2	67.4	47.0

Pretrain	Backbone	AP _{VOC}
IN-1k DINO	ViT-S/16	48.9
IN-1k DINO	ViT-B/16	49.1
IN-1k DINO	ViT-S/8	51.1
IN-1k FLSL	ViT-S/16	53.1
IN-1k FLSL	ViT-B/16	53.5
IN-1k FLSL	ViT-S/8	55.2

Table 2: VITDET-B/16 WITH MASK R-CNN ON COCO

Table 3: FASTER R-CNN FPN ON UAVDT

Dense prediction benchmark 1 **MS-COCO Object Detection and Segmentation** Mask RCNN + ViT-S/16 and ViT-S/8, ViTDet + ViT-B/16 Dense prediction benchmark 2 UAVDT Vehicle Detection

Faster R-CNN FPN + ViT-S/16, ViT-S/8 and ViT-B/16





Method	Arch	Backbone	#Iter.	mIoU	aAcc	mAcc
MoCo-v2	FPN	RN50	40k	35.8	77.6	45.1
SwAV	FPN	RN50	40k	35.4	77.5	44.9
ReSim	FPN	RN50	40k	36.6	78.4	46.4
DenseCL	FPN	RN50	40k	37.2	78.5	47.1
MoCo-v3	FPN	ViT-S/16	40k	35.3	78.9	47.1
MoBY	FPN	ViT-S/16	40k	39.5	79.9	47.1
DINO	FPN	ViT-S/16	40k	38.3	79.0	47.1
DINO+SelfPatch	FPN	ViT-S/16	40k	41.2	80.7	52.1
ADCLR	FPN	ViT-S/16	40k	42.4	81.1	54.2
FLSL	FPN	ViT-S/16	40k	42.9	81.5	55.1

Pretrain	Arch. ($\mathcal{I}\&\mathcal{F})_m$	${\mathcal J}_m$	\mathcal{F}_m
IN-1k supv.	ViT-S/8	66.0	63.9	68.1
VLOG CT	RN50	48.7	46.4	50.0
YT-VOS MAST	RN18	65.5	63.3	67.6
IN-1k DINO	ViT-S/16	61.8	60.2	63.4
IN-1k DINO	ViT-B/16	62.3	60.7	63.9
IN-1k DINO	ViT-S/8	69.9	66.6	73.1
IN-1k FLSL	ViT-S/16	65.6	62.4	69.4
IN-1k FLSL	ViT-B/16	66.1	62.9	70.0
IN-1k FLSL	ViT-S/8	73.5	69.9	78.1

Dense prediction benchmark 3 **ADE20K Semantic Segmentation** FPN + ViT-S/16 Dense prediction benchmark 4 **Davis 2017 Video Instance Segmentation** ViT-S/16, ViT-S/8 and ViT-B/16





Visualization of Aggregated
 Similarity Score (ASS) map from
 different ViT layers.

Self-attention probing maps for features learned via FLSL and DINO

 Visualization of separability of features from different layers via t-SNE





ASS map visual comparison between FLSL and DINO