

FaceComposer: A Unified Model for Versatile Facial Content Creation

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1

| FaceComposer

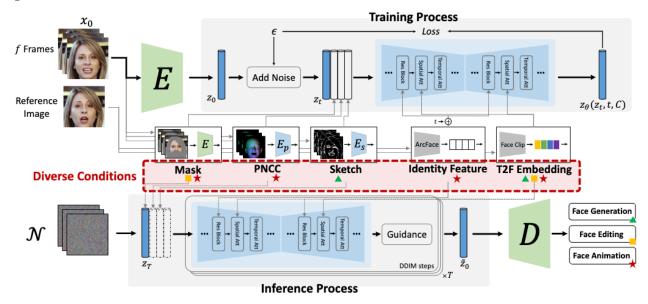
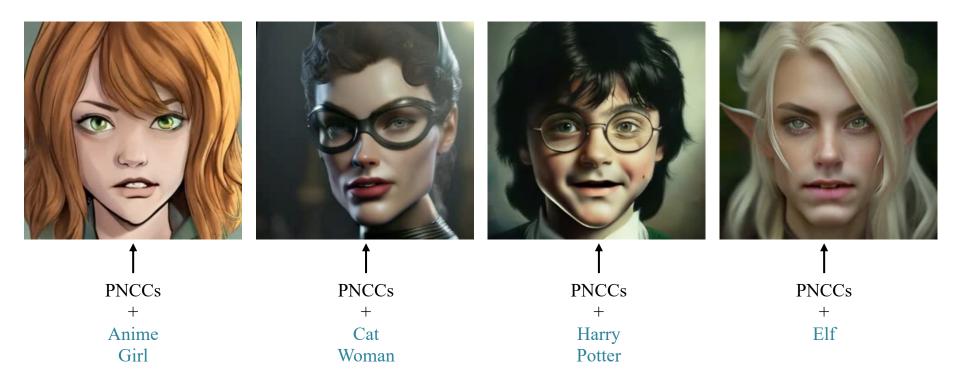


Figure 1: The framework of FaceComposer, which takes f frames and five face-related conditions as input, uses LDMs to predict the noise added in the latent space. We can combine diverse conditions to finish face generation/editing/animation or their combinations. For example, the green \triangle conditions are for face generation, yellow \square for face editing, and red $\not \simeq$ for face animation.

- ✓ FaceComposer model various facial content creations as a multiple-condition-driven denoising process
- ✓ FaceComposer supports both static and dynamic content creations

Experiments Results



Motivations

• Existing face generative models are usually developed as highly customized systems, meaning that one model can only handle one task

• Limitations:

- 1. Hard to accomplish complex tasks, such as integrating face creating, editing and then animating the generated face in a single step
- 2. Redundant consumption of memory and computation. For example, one needs to train and save a number of models to build a multi-functional system, and perform complicated inference processes

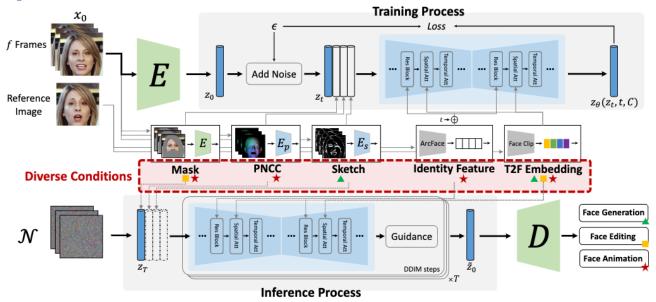
Versatile Creations

✓ We propose compositional FaceComposer, a unified model that is capable of simultaneously tackling versatile facial tasks

Table 1: Versatile creations based on condition compositions. *M*, *S*, *PNCCs*, *ID* and *T2F* are short for Mask, Sketch, PNCC sequence, Identity Feature, and T2F Embedding, respectively.

Single Creation		Versatile Creations		
Task	Conditions	Task	Conditions	
face generation	① T2F ② S ③	face generation+animation	① PNCCs+T2F ② PNCCs+ID ③	
face editing	① <i>M+T2F</i> ② <i>M+S</i> ③	face generation+editing	① <i>ID+M</i> ② <i>ID+T2F</i> ③	
face animation	① <i>M+T2F+PNCCs</i> ②	face generation+editing+animation	① <i>ID+T2F+PNCCs</i> ②	

| FaceComposer



- \checkmark FaceComposer takes f frames and five face-related conditions as input, uses LDMs to predict the noise added in the latent space
- ✓ FaceComposer can combine diverse conditions to finish face generation / editing / animation or their combinations

Face Generation

Table 2: Results of face generation.

Method	FID↓	R-precision(%)↑	Accuracy [↑]	Realism↑
TediGAN [51]	107.14	44.96	2.80	3.55
CollDiff [13]	98.76	67.41	3.43	2.96
LAFITE [63]	12.54	81.94	4.07	3.88
Ours	11.34	86.63	4.86	4.67



He is young.

eyes and big nose. arched eyebrows, mouth slightly open, has no beard. black hair, high cheekbones, wavy hair and pointy nose. She is wearing lipstick.

He has pale skin. He is attractive. He

eyebrows and big lips and wears heavy makeup and lipstick.

mouth slightly open. She wears lipstick. She is smiling.

She wears heavy makeup. She is smiling and attractive.

slightly open, big nose and brown hair. oval face. He is young and attractive.

has goatee and

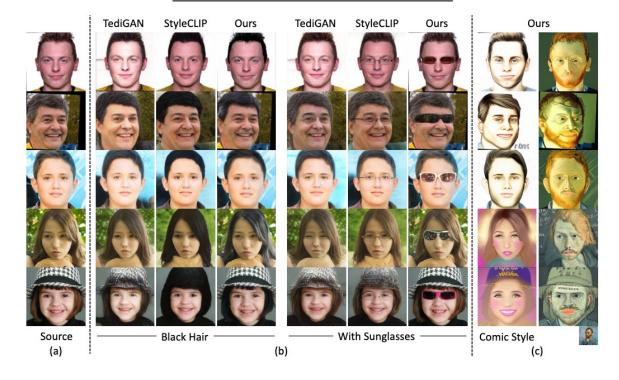
He is bald, and smiling and has big nose.

The woman has arched eyebrows, mouth slightly open, big lips, high cheekbones and bags under eyes. She is wearing earrings.

| Face Editing

Table 3: Results of face editing.

Method	IDS↑	Accuracy [↑]	Realism↑
TediGAN [51] StyleClip [29]	0.62 0.75	2.92 4.27	2.09 2.87
Ours	0.94	4.58	4.47



Face Animation

Table 4: Results of face animation on HDTF and MEAD-Neutral.

Methods			HD'	TF / MEAD-	Neutral		
Methods	SSIM↑	CPBD↑	F-LMD↓	M-LMD↓	$\mathrm{Sync}_{conf} \!\uparrow$	SSIM-M↑	CPBD-M↑
MakeItTalk [62]	0.63/0.74	0.19/0.10	4.10/3.88	4.22/5.41	3.07/2.02	0.62/0.69	0.15/0.06
Wav2Lip [30]	0.75/0.79	0.18/0.12	2.01/2.38	2.54/2.95	5.27/3.99	0.68/0.78	0.08/0.03
PC-AVS [61]	0.51/0.51	0.23/0.07	3.64/4.76	3.52/3.91	4.16/3.09	0.60/0.67	0.10/0.05
AVCT [46]	0.73/0.77	0.17/0.10	2.85/2.68	3.53/4.46	3.81/2.56	0.70/0.73	0.16/0.08
EAMM [14]	0.59/0.41	0.08/0.08	4.16/7.39	4.19/5.03	2.30/1.40	0.60/0.71	0.13/0.05
StyleTalk [26]	0.78 /0.79	0.23/0.12	2.10/2.35	2.40/2.80	4.17/3.05	0.76/0.80	0.16/0.09
SadTalker [58]	0.61/0.73	0.21/0.12	3.98/3.67	3.46/4.09	4.05/2.62	0.61/0.69	0.15/0.10
StyleSync [7]	0.77/0.80	0.21/0.12	1.93/2.22	2.36/2.76	4.21/3.10	0.76/0.80	0.17/ 0.10
Ground Truth	1/1	0.23/0.20	0/0	0/0	4.52/3.57	1/1	0.21/0.12
FaceComposer	0.78/0.84	0.27/0.14	1.84/2.16	2.25/2.70	4.27/3.12	0.78/0.83	0.18/0.10

Table 5: User study results of different methods on HDTF and MEAD-Neutral for the face animation. LS, VQ, OR stand for user study metrics LipSync, VideoQuality and OverallRealness, respectively.

Methods	HDTF / MEAD-Neutral				
Methods	LS↑	VQ↑	OR↑		
MakeItTalk	1.71/2.20	1.87/2.38	1.44/1.74		
Wav2Lip	2.93/3.33	1.02/1.10	1.10/1.12		
PC-AVS	2.88/3.20	1.97/2.46	1.73/1.98		
AVCT	2.04/2.76	2.60/2.66	2.46/2.62		
EAMM	1.90/2.58	1.30/1.78	1.62/1.94		
StyleTalk	3.10/3.60	3.08/3.00	2.44/2.82		
SadTalker	3.22/3.68	2.82/2.92	1.97/2.42		
Ground Truth	4.34/4.56	4.06/4.26	4.22/4.40		
FaceComposer	3.53/3.96	3.38/3.50	2.93/3.73		

Face Animation

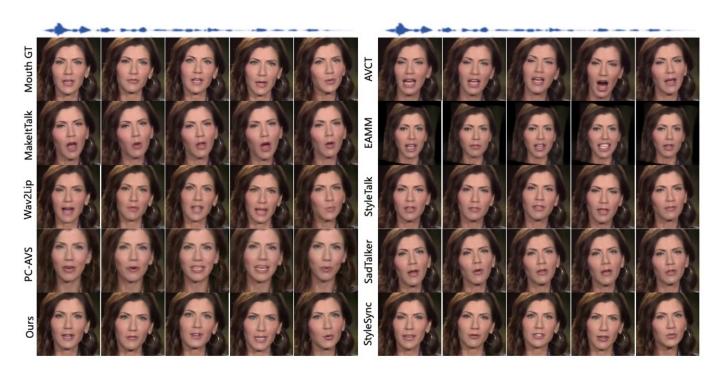
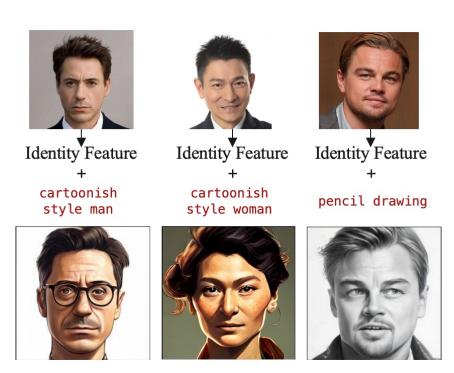


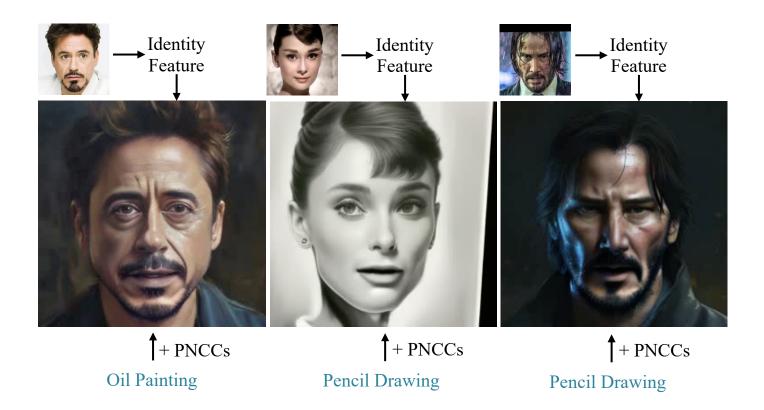
Figure 4: Qualitative results of face animation. It can be seen that FaceComposer not only achieves accurate lip-sync but also produces high-fidelity results in the mouth area.



Figure R2: Results are conditioned on Identity Feature and Mask.







Q&A