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Deep Learning Frameworks for Unsupervised Indoor Wi-Fi Positioning

Qualcomm AI Research

Presenter: Farhad G. Zanjani (Al researcher, Qualcomm Technologies Netherlands B.V.)

NeurIPS Demo

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Passive Wi-Fi Localization

• Problem: Localizing a person on a floor plan of building using Wi-Fi APs

We assume the following is available:

- Floor plan sketch or CAD
- Sequences of Channel State Information (CSI) while a person walking through the environment
- For each room, some labeled CSI samples







Multipath effect in passive Wi-Fi sensing:

- The measured Wi-Fi signal is the summation over the many different paths from Tx to Rx
- Channel State Information is defined as:

$$\mathrm{CSI}_i = \sum_{k=0}^{K} r_k \cdot e^{-j2\pi f_i \tau_k}$$

- In equation form:
 - *K*: the number of paths
 - *r_k*: is attenuation
 - τ_k : is the propagation delay (length of path / speed of light)
 - f_i : frequency for sub-carrier i





Multipath phenomenon in passive Wi-Fi sensing



 $\Omega_{\rm h}$

 Ω_{t}

Our solutions:

• Weakly-supervised deep learning frameworks:





Modality-agnostic topology aware localization, F. Zanjani et al., NeurIPS 2021

- Weakly supervised passive Wi-Fi positioning
- Framework: manifold learning and optimal transportation



- Displacement of observer in the environment correspondence with 2D/3D intrinsic space of data
- Learning a parametric mapping (Φ) into an isometric 2D space is hard
- Learn a mapping that preserves the isometric while minimizing the transportation cost into a target map





- 1. Estimating the distance matrix in 2D space
 - Construct a KNN graph after finding KNN samples
 - The distance between adjacent vertices is computed by Mahalanobis distance
 - The distance between non-adjacent vertices is computed by Dijkstra shortest path algorithm



- 1. Estimating the distance matrix in 2D space
- 2. Learning a parametric map (Φ) into 2D space
 - Isometric embedding: distances should have similar distribution
 - Layout similarity: minimal cost under optimal transportation



Layout similarity



 $T(C, p, q) = \operatorname{argmin}\langle T, C \rangle - \frac{1}{\lambda}H(T)$

 $T \in \gamma(p,q)$





(Densely) sampled

points from $\Omega_t \in \mathbb{R}^2$





WiCluster

WiCluster: Passive Indoor 2D/3D Positioning using Wi-Fi without Precise Labels, I. Karmanov et al. GLOBECOM 2021

- Weakly supervised passive Wi-Fi positioning
- Framework: Deep metric and self-supervised learning



WiCluster

Full Architecture Diagram





WiCluster Architecture

Unsupervised Component



Cluster Model (simplified) Input: CSI ConvNet 2D Locations Triplet Loss I ((5, 1), (11, 8)) ((12, 2), (13, 7)) ((13, 2), (19, 8)) ((10, 8), (20, 11)) Zone Labels Cluster Model (simplified)

array([2, 2, 2, ..., 11, 11, 11])

Cluster Loss

$$\min_{C \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times k}} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \min_{y_n \in \{0,1\}^k} \|f_{\theta}(x_n) - Cy_n\|_2^2 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad y_n^{\top} \mathbf{1}_k = 1$$

$$L_C = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \log p(y_i | x_i)$$

Triplet Loss

$$L_T = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{(i,j,k) \in \mathcal{T}} \max(0, (d(x_i, x_j) - d(x_i, x_k) + M_t))$$
$$d(x, x') = \|f_{\theta}(x) - f_{\theta}(x')\|$$



WiCluster Architecture

Weakly-supervised Component









Zone Loss

$$L_{Z} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \max(0, d_{m}(x_{i}, B))$$

$$[B_{zone}] = ([x_{0}, y_{0}], [x_{1}, y_{1}])$$

 $d_m(x, x')$





Experiments

- Localization in Wi-Fi
- Four commercial IEEE 802.11 access points (AP), 5 GHz band
- Sensing area: **14×20** meters
- Tx antenna: 1
- Rx antennas: 8
- Circular array with **4**cm radius
- BW: 80 MHz
- **208** frequency tones
- Packet rate: 100 Hz
- Mean error: 1.2 m







Summary

- Weakly supervised learning shown meter level accuracy in Wi-Fi positioning
- The models only require the floor plan image and the zone-level labels
- Advances in Wi-Fi sensing can enable many applications such as surveillance, smart house, automation, etc.
- References:
 - Modality-agnostic topology aware localization, F. G. Zanjani et al., NeurIPS 2021
 - WiCluster: Passive Indoor 2D/3D Positioning using Wi-Fi without Precise Labels, I. Karmanov et al., GLOBECOM 2021
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Thank you

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